

Chemical Resistance Terms and Conditions

Linear sockets and acrylic lenses, reflectors and refractors should not be used in environments with exposure to certain chemicals. When used in machining or manufacturing processes, these chemicals can become airborne and reach fixtures indirectly. Chemical exposure to critical components may reduce their reliability, resulting in a possible electrical or mechanical failure of the product.

The data in the tables provided is based on legacy testing of raw plastic material samples done by, and field data compiled by, suppliers and is not intended to be all-inclusive. Using any of the listed sockets and acrylic components in an environment in which chemicals listed as "Not Compatible" may be present will void the warranty for the product containing the components at issue. Other than as expressly set forth herin, LaMar LED makes no other representation regarding the listed chemicals or their relationship to our products and expressly disclaims any and all other warranties, whether express or implied other than those expressly set forth herein and in our terms and conditions of sale respecting our products. LaMar LED claims no responsibility for application suitability of materials and parts.

If plastic components exhibit signs of damage, including, without limitation, cracking or crazing, the product containing such components must be replaced immediately. Prior to selecting a replacement product, all chemical interactions should be reviewed or tested for the specific application. For further assistance, please contact LaMar Lighting's technical support department.

LaMar LED warranties products to be free from manufacturing defects only.

LaMar LED expressly disclaims all other representations and warranties, express or implied, including without limitation any warranties of fitness for a particular application. No customer or supplier of LaMar LED has the authority to modify of amend this limited warranty.

In no event shall LaMar LED be liable for any indirect, special, incidental, consequential or punitive damages, even if informed of the possibility of such damages, whether as the result of breach of contract, warranty, or tort (including negligence, strict liability, or any other theory).

Certain chemicals that may exist in end-user locations release airborne contaminates that can compromise the integrity and safety of key fixture components that contain acrylic material. Immediate damage may occur such as crazing, cracking, permeation losses and mechanical failure. Products with visually noticeable deterioration have diminished integrity and must be replaced immediately with a more suitable product for the application.

This table identifies the most common chemicals and is not intended to be all-inclusive. Exposure to compounds identified as "Not Acceptable" will void all warranties associated with the product. Acrylic components should not be used in areas where these chemicals are used and where these chemicals become mists or airborne vapors. Ensure that chemical interactions are considered when selecting fixtures. For additional information please consult an authorized factory representative.

Not Acceptable - Acrylic Components (including lenses, reflectors and refractors)

1, 2-Dichloroethane Fluorine 1, 4-Dioxane Formic Acid, 40% or more 1. 2. 4 Trichlorobenzene Freon, TF

2, 4-Dichlorophenol Fuel Oil 2. 2. 4 Trimethylpentane Gasoline 2-Methoxyethanol Gluteraldehyde Acetaldehyde Hydrazine Acetic Acid Hydrochloric Acid, 45% Acetic Anhydride Hydrochloric Acid, 48% Acetone Hydrogen Peroxide Acetronitrile i-Butyl Alcohol Adipic Acid **Iodine Crystals** Allyl Alcohol Isobutyl Alcohol

Aluminum Hydroxide Isopropyl Acetate Ammonia Isopropyl Alcohol Aniline Isopropyl Benzene Aqua Regia Isopropyl Ether Benzaldehyde Jet Fuel Lacquer Thinner Benzene Benzyl Acetate Malonate Methyl Acetate Benzyl Alcohol

Bromine Methyl Alcohol (Methanol) Bromobenzene Methyl Ethyl Keytone Bromoform Methyl Isobutyl Ketone **Butyl Chloride** Methyl Propyl Ketone **Butvric Acid** Methylene Chloride Calcium Hypochlorite, Saturated Methyl-t-Butyl Ether

Carabazole Mineral Spirits Carbon Disulfide n-Amyl Acetate n-Butyl Acetate Carbon Tetrachloride Cedarwood Oil n-Butyl Alcohol Cellosolve Acetate n-Decane Chloroacetic Acid Nitric Acid Chlorovenzene Nitrobenzene p-Chloracetophenone Chloroform Chromic Acid, 50% p-Dichlorobenzene Perchloroethylene Cinnamon Oil Cresol Phenol, Crystals Cyclohexane Phenol, Liquid Cyclohexanone Phosphoric Acid, 85%

Cyclopentane

Propionic Acid Decalin Diacetone Alcohol Propylene Oxide Dibutyl Phthalate Resorcinol Diethyl Benzene Salicylaldehyde Diethyl Ether Salicylic Acid, Powder Diethyl Keytone Salicylic Acid, Saturated Dimethyl Formamide Sulfur Dioxide, Wet or Dry Sulfuric Acid. 60% Dioctyl phthalate Sulfuric Acid, 98% Dioxane Ether t-Butyl Alcohol

Picric Acid

Ethyl Acetate Tetrahydrofuran Thionyl Chloride Ethyl Alcohol (Ethanol) Ethyl Benzene Toluene Ethyl Benzoate Tributyl Citrate Ethyl Butyrate Trichloroacetic Acid Ethyl Chloride Liquid Tricloroethane Ethyl Cyanoacetate Turpentine Ethyl Lactate **Undecyl Alcohol** Ethylene Chloride Vinylidene Chloride

Fluorides

Not Acceptable - Polycarbonate Components (including sockets and lenses)

Acetic Anhydrive **Ethyl Chloride** Acetone Ethylene Bromide Acetyl Chloride (Dry) Ethylene Chloride Ethylene Chlorohydrin Acetylene Acrylonitrile Ethylene Dichloride Amines Ethylene Oxide Ferrous Chloride Ammonia Ammonia (Anhydrous) Fluorine Ammonium Hydroxide Hydrazine

Amyl Acetate Hydrocloric Acide 35% or Greater Aniline Hydrofluoric Acid 20% or Greater

Aniline Hydrochloride Isopropyl Acetate Aqua Regia Isopropyl Ether Barium Hydroxide Kerosene **Barium Nitrate** Ketones **Barium Sulfate** Lacquers

Benzaldehyde Lithium Hydroxide

Lye: Ca(OH)2 Calcium Hydroxide Benzene Benzene Sulfonic Acid Lye: KOH Potassium Hydroxide Benzol Lye: NaOH Sodium Hydroxide

Mercury Bromine

Butadiene Methyl Alcohol (Methanol) Butane Methyl Butyl Ketone Methyl Cellosolve **Butyl Acetate Butyl Amine** Methyl Chloride **Butyl Phthalate** Methyl Ethyl Ketone Butylene Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Butyric Acid Methyl Isopropyl Ketone Calcium Bisulfate Methyl Methacrylate Calcium Bisulfite Methylene Chloride Calcium Hydroxide **Mineral Spirits** Calcium Hypochlorite Nickel Nitrate Carbon Disulfide Nitric Acid Carbon Tetrachloride Nitrobenzene Chlorine (Anhydrous Liquid) Nitromethane Chlorine (Dry) Orange Oil Chloracetic Acid Ozone >5ppm Chlorobenzene (Mono) Perchlorethylene Chloroform Phenol (Carbolic Acid)

Potassium Hydroxide (Caustic Potash) Copper Cyanide

Phosphoric Acid Anhydride Phosphorus Trichloride

Copper Nitrate Propane (Liquefied) Cresols Pyridine

Cresylic Acid Sodium Hydroxide

Cyclohexanone Sodium Thiosulfate (Hypo) Diacetone Alcohol Sulfur Dioxide

Dichlorobenzene Sulfuric Acid 35% or Greater Dichloroethane Tannic Acid

Diethyl Ether Toluene Diethylamine Trichloroacetic Acid **Dimethyl Aniline** Trichlorooethane **Dimethyl Formamide** Turpentine Dioxane Urea **Ethyl Acetate** Xylene

Ethyl Benzoate

Chlorsulfonic Acid

Chromid Acid 10% or Greater